

International Master Course CULTURAL PROPERTY PROTECTION IN CRISIS RESPONSE

REPORT OF THE THIRD EDITION, a.y. 2021/2022 THIRD EDITION



This report is the result of the various activities realized for the second edition of the International Master course in "Cultural Property Protection in Crisis Response". The aim of this work is to show the value of the Master at the International level, the first in its kind, which prepares a future generation of experts and professionals with knowledge and skills to protect the world cultural heritage at risk, in crisis and post-crisis situations.

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Finished on December 2022

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The first International Master Course that prepares a future generation of professionals with a multidisciplinary backround and skills in the protection of artistic and cultural heritage in conflict and natural disasters scenarios, with the aim of enhancing the role of culture in facing social reconciliation and economic recovery.



"Cultural property forms a vital part of the cultural identity of individuals, communities, peoples and all humanity. It is the tangible expression of the unchanging human condition and of the creative genius, diversity and memory of humankind. Its preservation is essential to human wellbeing and flourishing."

Definition of the importance of Cultural Property in the introduction of **Protection of Cultural Property – Military Manual**" (UNESCO, 2016)

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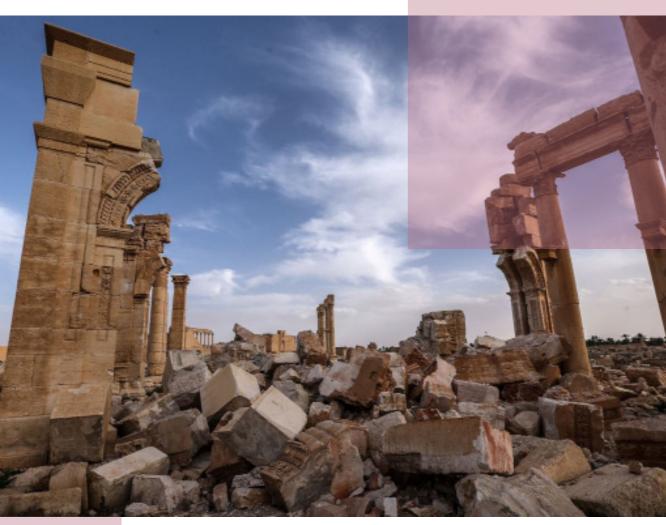
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INTRODUCTION





The Monumental Arch of Triumph is among the many lost structures and treasures of Palmyra. © Corbis/Getty Images The current political instability of many countries in the world, the consequent increase of conflicts, the intensification of natural disasters and their increasingly significant social and economic effects, have made it very evident the urgency to form specialized professionals able to intervene concretely in crisis scenarios, to promote the prevention of damage to cultural heritage and to guide the recovery and reconstruction processes of the sites affected, from a cultural and a socioeconomic point of view.

It is in this context that the international **Master in Cultural Property Protection in Crisis Response** is born: the first university Master in the world aiming at preparing future generation of professionals with a multidisciplinary background and advanced expertise in the protection of cultural property in time of crisis and, more widely, in increasing the intervene on cultural assets in crisis areas, from the organization of emergency operations, to the stabilization of the interventions' conditions, up to the drafting of recovery and development plans for the affected areas.

The course born in **Turin**, thanks to a synergy between the University of Turin and its Interdepartmental School of Strategic Sciences (SUISS), in collaboration with the Italian Army Eduction and Training Command and School of Applied Military Studies, the Carabinieri Command for the Protection of Cultural Heritage, the Conservation and Restoration Center "La Venaria Reale", the International Institute of Humanitarian Law - IIHL and the Fondazione Santagata for the Economics of Culture.

WHY THIS COURSE?

The master also collaborates with **UNESCO**, the International Center for the Study of Preservation and Restoration of Cultural Property (**ICCROM**), The International Council of Museums (**ICOM**), The International Criminal Police Organization (**INTERPOL**), The General Directorate for Cultural Heritage Security of the Italian **Ministry Of Culture**, The International Council of Monuments and Site (**ICOMOS**), The **CER** of Prince Claus Fund and the Journal of Cultural Heritage Crime (**JCHC**).

The study program includes lectures with some of the leading experts in the field at national and international level, addressing issues ranging from law, to economics, to cultural heritage, to project management techniques for endangered and at risk sites, to international policies, to socio-cultural dynamics in crisis scenarios.

Alongside the educational activities, a series of seminars was organized during the third edition, open to the public and to professionals, and two study trips.

Compliant with government regulations imposed by the continuing uncertainty of the health emergency, the on-campus phase was conducted in presence but the online mode was ensured to cope with any unforeseen contingencies of teachers and students. In addition, the use of the hybrid mode allowed students to listen to international experts who would not have been able to come to Turin, further enriching the training offer.

The third edition of the Master sees the participation of 17 students with various backgrounds and coming from, other than Italy, 6 different nations, such as: Brazil, Slovenia, Dominican Republic, France, Hungary and Egypt.

ABOUT THE MASTER

PARTNERSHIPS & COLLABORATIONS





THE MASTER IS ORGANIZED BY:



UNIVERSITY OF TURIN

The University of Turin (Università degli Studi di Torino, or often abbreviated to UNITO) is a university in the city of Turin in the Piedmont region of north-western Italy. It is one of the oldest universities in Europe and one of the oldest in history (founded in 1404 by Ludovico Savoy-Acaja), and continues to play an important role in research and training.



SUISS

The SUISS (Interdepartmental University School in Strategic Sciences) is a special teaching structure of the University of Turin, specialized in strategic sciences and military studies.

The Master is part of the education activities organized by the University of Turin within the **UNESCO Chair in Economics of Culture and Heritage: Strategies for Protection and Development**.



UNESCO Chair in Economics of Culture and Heritage: strategies for protection and development



IN PARTNERSHIP WITH:



ITALIAN ARMY

EDUCATION AND TRAINING COMMAND AND SCHOOL OF APPLIED MILITARY STUDIES



The Italian Army Education and Training Command and School of Applied Military Studies, situated in Turin, is responsible for the training of the Army personnel. Its tasks are divided into three areas: basic education, advanced education and language education.

The Command contributes to

the basic training of Regular and Special Role Officers, Officers of the Selected Reserve and those with direct appointment. With about 1,000 Officers attending courses every year, a hundred civilian students, 118 university teachers and 30 military teachers for more than 100 university subjects and 28 military subjects, the School represents one of the didactic centres of excellence and a cultural centre of prestige for the city of Turin.

POST-CONFLICT OPERATIONS STUDY CENTER



The Post Conflict Operations Study Center (CSPCO) is part of the Education and Training Command and it operates on two main axis, a doctrinal and a training

one, towards the qualification and specialization of military and civil personnel in the field of post-conflict operations, with particular regard to Stabilization and Reconstruction (S&R).

The Center establishes and maintains links with other similar Centers operating within NATO, other Armed Forces, national and foreign Universities/Institutes, as well as with Departments, Offices and United Nations agencies, in order to identify possible lines of collaboration with regard to Stabilization and Reconstruction operations.



CARABINIERI COMMAND FOR THE PROTECTION OF CULTURAL HERITAGE



The Carabinieri Command for the Protection of Cultural Heritage was established on May 3, 1969, to deal with effective tools and targeted interventions to the alarming phenomenon of pauperization of the largest museum in the world: Italy. Italy was the first nation in the world to have a police organization specialized in

the specific sector, anticipating the recommendation of the General Conference of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), which, from Paris, indicated to the acceding States the opportunity to adopt various measures aimed at preventing the acquisition of illegally exported goods and favoring the recovery of those stolen, including the establishment of services for this purpose.

FONDAZIONE SANTAGATA FOR THE ECONOMICS OF CULTURE



The "Fondazione Santagata for the Economics of Culture", founded on April 13th 2018, on iniziativa of the Silvia Santagata Research Centre (CSS-EBLA) is a research team working on

the models for the management of cultural heritage with a specific reference to the economic dimension of development and to UNESCO related programs, and on the production of culture and innovation.

INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTE OF HUMANITARIAN LAW



The International Institute of Humanitarian Law (IIHL) is an independent, non-profit humanitarian organization founded in 1970. The main purpose of the Institute is to promote the development of international humanita-

rian law, human rights, refugee law, immigration law and related issues.

Thanks to its specific, well-tested experience, the Institute has earned an international reputation as a center of excellence in the field of training, research, and the dissemination of all aspects of international humanitarian law. Considering the aims it pursues, the Institute works in close collaboration with the most important international organizations, including the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC), the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), and the International Organization for Migration (IOM).

CENTRO CONSERVAZIONE E RESTAURO "LA VENARIA REALE"



The Foundation for Conservation and Restoration of Cultural Heritage "La Venaria Reale" was founded in 2005 as an institute for higher education and research in the field of restoration and conservation

of cultural heritage. Depending on the statutory objectives of training and research, the CCR was divided into several operational units: the Higher Education and Study School, the Conservation and Restoration Laboratories, the Imaging Laboratories, the Scientific Laboratories, the Library and the Documentation Center.

Together with training, the aims of the Center lie in the study and experimental research, in promoting the development of businesses in the area and in participating in international research and conservation programs.

IN COLLABORATION WITH:

UNESCO

UNESCO develops educational tools to help people live as global citizens free of hate and intolerance. It works so that each child and citizen has access to quality education. By promoting cultural heritage and the equal dignity of all cultures, UNE-SCO strengthens bonds among nations.

The organization also fosters scientific programmes and policies as platforms for development and cooperation stands up for freedom of expression, as a fundamental right and a key condition for democracy and development.

Serving as a laboratory of ideas, UNESCO helps countries adopt international standards and manages programmes that foster the free flow of ideas and knowledge sharing.

ITALIAN NATIONAL COMMISSION FOR UNESCO





Ita iana per l'UNESCO

The Italian National Commission for UNE-SCO, established in 1950, aims at promoting the connection, information, consultation and implementation of UNESCO programs in Italy. The composition, tasks and functioning of the Commission have been regulated, most recently, by Ministerial Decree n. 4195 of 24 May 2007. The existence of the Commission derives from Article VII of the London Convention of 16 November 1945, which established UNESCO.

ICCROM



The International Centre for the Study of the Preservation and Restoration of Cultural Property - ICCROM is an intergovernmen-

tal organization working in service to its Member States to promote the conservation of all forms of cultural heritage, in every region of the world. It operates in the spirit of the 2001 UNESCO Universal Declaration on Cultural Diversity. For more than six decades, ICCROM has parnered with Member States to support them in safeguarding heritage within their borders and beyond. Working at the international and governmental levels, and with institutions and professionals and the general public with an interest in heritage.

ICOM

ICON International of Museums is a membership association and a non-governmental organization born in 1946, which establishes professional and ethical standards for museum activities. As forum of experts, it makes recommendations on issues related to cultural heritage, promotes capacity building and advanced knowledge. ICOM is the voice of museum professionals on international stage and raises public cultural awareness through global networks and co-operation programs.

INTERPOL



International Criminal Police Organization is an inter-governmental organization with 194 member countries, which help police in all of them to work together to make the world a

safer place. To do this, INTERPOL enables them to share and access data on crimes and criminals, and offers a range of technical and operational support.

GENERAL DIRECTORATE FOR CULTURAL HERITAGE SECURITY OF THE ITALIAN MINISTRY OF CULTURE



DIREZIONE GENERALE SICUREZZA DEL PATRIMONIO CULTURALE

The General Directorate for Cultural Heritage Security of the Italian Ministry of Culture ensures, in compliance with the guidelines and directives of the Secretary General, the conception, planning, coordination, implementation and monitoring of all initiatives in the field of risk prevention and safety of the cultural heritage and coordination of interventions resulting from national and international emergencies, also in collaboration with other competent administrations.

CULTURAL EMERGENCY RESPONSE **Prince Claus Fund**



The Cultural Emergency Response (Prince Claus Fund for Culture and Deve-Fonds lopment) provides quick help to evacuate, stabilise

or rescue cultural heritage that is under imminent threat of destruction or that has been damaged by man-made or natural disasters.

ICOMOS



The International Council of Mo-ICOMOS International Council of me numents and Sites is a non-governmental international organisation dedicated to the conservation of the world's monuments and sites. Its mission is to promote the conservation,

protection, use and enhancement of monuments, building complexes and sites. It participates in the development of doctrine and the evolution and distribution of ideas, and conducts advocacy.

JOURNAL OF CULTURAL HERITAGE CRIME



The Journal of Cultural Heritage Crime (JCHC) is an online journalistic publication founded in 2018. It is conceived on the web as a container of in-depth analysis, the first in Italy, in which the facts that

daily see cultural heritage threatened, violated and the object of crime find space. The editorial activity of the Journal is possible thanks to Art Crime Project, a Social Promotion Association founded in 2020 with the aim of raising awareness among citizens and promoting knowledge of the instruments of protection and activities to combat crimes against cultural heritage.



FINANCIAL SUPPORT:

COMPAGNIA DI SAN PAOLO



Fondazione Fondazione Compagnia di Compagnia San Paolo (FCSP) was establidi San Paolo shed for philanthropic purposes, to promote cultural, civil

and economic development, on the strength of its solid assets and stable grant-making capacity.

The Foundation acts to pursue three objectives: Culture, People and Planet, which in turn are declined on fourteen missions coherent to the UN Sustainable Development Goals.

FONDAZIONE CRT

CRT

Fondazione The CRT Foundation is a private non-profit organization whose activity finds its ideal roots in the philanthropic

work carried out since 1827 by the Cassa di Risparmio di Torino.

It intervenes in the key sectors of the development of Piedmont and Valle d'Aosta - which in practice leads to three macro-areas: Art and Culture, Research and Education, Welfare and Territory.

COURSE MANAGEMENT BY:

COREP

 $(OREP^{sortion})$

COREP is a non-profit Consortium, established in

Among the very few Consortia that have brought together the Piedmontese

university system, COREP implements collaboration initiatives between the University of Turin, the world of production and services and local public institutions in three main areas of intervention: high levele training; support for innovation and services for Consortium Members.

LOCAL NETWORK:

PIEDMONT REGION



SUPERINTENDENCE FOR ARCHAEOLOGY, FINE ARTS AND LANDSCAPE FOR TURIN



The Superintendence for Archeology, Fine Arts and Landscape for the Metropolitan City of Turin was established by Decree n. 171 of the President of the Council of Ministers on 29th August 2014. It has the task of ensuring the protection of archaeological, architectural, historical-artistic and landscape heritage in the territory of the metropolitan city of Turin. It is the office for MiBAC (Ministry of Cultural Heritage and Activities) in the Piedmont Region.

ROYAL MUSEUM OF TURIN – MRT



The Royal Museums of Turin, born in 1563, are one of the largest and most diverse museum complexes in Europe and are equal, for their size and for the value of their collections, to the

major European Royal Residences. They are located in the heart of the ancient city and offer an itinerary of history art and nature with testimonies dating from prehistoric times to modern age.

MUSEO EGIZIO DI TORINO

 $\begin{array}{c} MUSEO\\ EGIZIO \end{array} \overset{\text{The Museo Egizio is world's the oldest museum}}_{\text{devoted entirely to an-}}$ cient Egyptian culture. It is specialized in Egyptian

archaeology and anthropology, housing one of the largest collections of Egyptian antiquities, with more than 30,000 artefacts.

NATIONAL HISTORICAL MUSEUM OF ARTILLERY



The National Historical Museum of Artillery has about 11,000 artifacts that, starting from prehistory, come to modern times. They are divided into different categories: artillery and related accessories, various models, ammunition, long and short portable weapons, flags, various thophies, me-

dals and paintings.

PALAZZO MADAMA



Palazzo Madama was the first Senate of the Italian Kingdom, and takes its traditional name from the embellishments it received under two queens (madama) of the House of Savoy. The

palace houses the Turin City Museum of Ancient Art.

CASTLE OF MONCALIERI



Residenze Reali Piemonte

The Castle of Moncalieri is a palace in Moncalieri (Metropolitan City of Turin), which is one of the Residences of the Royal

House of Savoy listed by UNESCO as World Heritage Sites in 1997. It was built around 1100 by Thomas I of Savoy and, nowadays, the palace hosts the 1st Carabinieri Regiment "Piemonte" and it is part of the Piedmontese Museum Pole, managed by the Italian Ministry of Cultural Heritage and Activities.

THE SCIENTIFIC COMMITTEE



Reconstruction of **the Ben Amar Mausoleum, Timbuktu** (April 2015) © UNESCO-Mamadou Kone

SCIENTIFIC DIRECTOR

DEPUTY DIRECTOR

SCIENTIFIC COMMITTEE

Edoardo Greppi Professor, Department of Law, University of Turin

Giovanna Segre Professor Department of Economics and Statistics "Cognetti de Martiis", University of Turin

Gianmaria Ajani Professor, Department of Law, University of Turin

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Ugo de' Liguoro Professor, Department of Informatics, University of Turin

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Fausto Pocar Professor, University of Milan Honorary President of International Institute of Humanitarian Law

Cecilia Pennaccini Professor, Department of Cultures, Politics and Society, University of Turin

Giovanna Segre Deputy Director of the Master

EXECUTIVE ADVISER

Alessio Re Secretary General, Fondazione Santagata for the Economics of Culture

FACULTY & CONTRIBUTIONS

The Program is developed thanks to the contribution of **numerous experts and teachers** in the fields of International Law, Economics, Politcs, Sociology and Project Management, together with various lecturers and practitioners from International Agencies, Military Forces and NGOs.

Invited lecturers and experts include (edition in brackets):

Stefania Abakerli (I-II-III) World Bank, Washington

Sergio Abate (II) Lieutenant Colonel, RIS ROMA

Sara Abram (III) Secretary General at Centro Conservazione e Restauro "La Venaria Reale"

Lisa Accurti (II) Superintendence for Archaeology, Fine Arts and Landscape for Turin metropolitan district (SABAP-TO)

Luca Anselma (I-II-III) Professor, University of Turin

Fabio Armao (III) Professor, University of Turin

Francesco Bandarin (I-III) Special Advisor to the Director-General of ICCROM

Giulio Bartolini (I-II-III) Professor, University of Roma Tre

Enrico Bertacchini (I-III) Assistant Professor, University of Turin

Gianluca Beruto (I-II) Secretary General Assistant, IIHL, Sanremo Alessandro Bianchi (I-III) Italian Ministry of Cultural Heritage (MiC)

Simona Biancu (III) CEO at ENGAGEDin

Giovanni Boccardi (I-II-III) UNESCO World Heritage Centre

Paola Borrione (I-II-III) Head of Resarch, Fondazione Santagata for the Economics of Culture, Turin

Giacomo Bosisio (I-II) OSCE, Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe

Paola Buscaglia (I-II) Centro Conservazione e Restauro "La Venaria Reale"

Barbara Caranza (I-II) Chief ONLUS "Cultural Heritage International Emergency Force"

Massimo Carcione (I) Official of Cultural Sector at Piedmont Region

Nicola Casagli (I) UNESCO Chair on prevention and sustainable management of geo-hydrological hazards, University of Florence Corrado Catesi (I-II) Lieutenant-Colonel, Co-ordinator Works of Art Unit of INTERPOL General Secretariat

Jennifer Crakow (I) Digital Cultural Heritage Consultant

Mouhamed Cissé (II) University of Palermo

Veronica Costarelli (III) IOM - UN Migration

Silvana Dalmazzone (I-II-III) Professor, University of Turin

Mark Daker (I-II) Colonel, Director, Military Department at IIHL

Michela De Bernardin (II-III) The Journal of Cultural Heritage Crime

Sophie Delepierre (II) Head of Heritage Protection and Capacity Building at ICOM

Diego D'Elia (I-II) Lieutenent-Colonel, Carabinieri - COESPU

Stefano De Martino (I) Professor, University of Turin

Mesut Dinler (III) Politecnico di Torino

Tyler Douglas Lowe (III) Conservationist and Arts & Humanities Developer

Karl Edlinger (I) Brigadier-General, Austrian Armed Forces

Paolo Giorgio Ferri (I-II) International Expert in Cultural Goods Juridical Problems for the Italian Ministry of Cultural Heritage Marcílio Toscano Franca FILHO (II) Professor, Federal University of Paraíba

Juliana Forero (I) Ministry of Culture of Colombia, Cultural Heritage Office

Lodovico Folin-Calabi (II) Head of the "Revive the Spirit of Mosul" project

Francesco Francioni (I-II-III) Professor, European University Institute, Fiesole

Manlio Frigo (I-II-III) Professor, University of Milan

Vito Frontuto (I-II) Professor, University of Turin

Gilberto Gagnone (I-III) Major, Post-Conflict Operation Study Centre IT-Army

Sergio Gardenghi Suiama (III) Public Prosecutor, Office of Cultural Heritage in Rio de Janeiro

Edoardo Greppi (I-II-III) Professor, University of Turin

Peter Gould (III) Professor, University of Philadelphia

Carlo Hruby (II) Enzo Hruby Foundation

Maria Teresa Jaquinta (I-III) ICOMOS

Maja Kominko (III) International Alliance for the protection of Heritage in Conflict Areas (ALIPH) Sara Lagi (I-II-III) Professor, University of Turin

Federico Lenzerini (I-II) Professor, University of Siena

Elena Leoni (I-II-III) Professor, University of Bologna. IT-Army Reserve Officer as CPP Subject Matter Expert

Sanne Letschert (III) Head of the Cultural Emergency Response (CER) at Prince Claus Fund

Carlo Lippolis (I) Professor, University of Turin

Cristian Lo Iacono (III) Carabinieri Lieutenant (OR-9), Carabinieri Command for the Protection of Cultural Heritage (TPC)

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Tommaso Natoli (I) Research Fellow, University of Roma Tre

Alberto Nasarre (III) Integra - Estrategia y Tecnologia

Webber Ndoro (II) Director-General of ICCROM

Michela Novotna (II-III) Director of Cultural Centre of Saint John Paul II

Marina Nuciari (I-II-III) Professor, University of Turin

Ted Oakes (III) Heritage Protection Coordinator at ICOM

Roger O'Keefe (I-II-III) Professor, Bocconi University Milan

Christian Ost (III) Honorary Rectorm ICHEC Brussels Management School

Fabrizio Parrulli (I) Former Brigadier-General, Carabinieri Command for the Protection of Cultural Heritage, Rome

Antonia Pasqua Recchia (II) Advisor at Ministry of Cultural Heritage and Activities and Tourism (MiBACT), Rome

Cecilia Pennaccini (III) Professor, University of Turin

Alessandra Peruzzetto (II-III) World Monument Fund, Paris

Fabio Perossini (I-II) Kpeople Itd. Laura Pineschi (I) Professor, University of Parma

Edouard Planche (I-II) UNESCO Regional Advisor

Andrea Porta (III) GHG Institute

Federica Pozzi (III) Head of Scientific Laboratories at Centro Conservazione e Restauro "La Venaria Reale"

Renato Raggi (I-II-III) Colonel, Scuola Ufficiali Carabinieri, Roma

Corrado Ragucci (II) Resilience & EU Project, Municipality of Genoa

Alessio Re (I-II-III) Secretary General, Fondazione Santagata for the Economics of Culture, Turin

Roberto Riccardi (II) Brigadier-General, Carabinieri Command for the Protection of Cultural Heritage, Rome

Francesca Ricciardi (I-II) Professor, University of Turin

Matteo Rosati (III) UNESCO Regional Bureau for Science and Culture in Europe

Frederik Rosen (I) Director at Nordic Center Cultural Heritage and Armed Conflict - CHAC

Shatha Safi (III) Director of Riwaq

Reme Sakr (III) Syrua Trust for Development

Arianna Scarcella (I-II-III) Centro Conservazione e Restauro "La Venaria Reale" Erminia Sciacchitano (II) Adviser at Ministry of Cultural Heritage and Activities and Tourism (MiBACT), Rome

Marina Schneider (I-III) UNIDROIT - International Institute for the Unification of Private Law

Tullio Scovazzi (I-II-III) Professor, University of Milano-Bicocca

Giovanna Segre (I-II) Professor, University of Turin

Elena Sinibaldi (III) Italian Ministry of Culture (MiC)

Cecilie Smith Christensen (I) UNESCO advisor

Andrea Spagnolo (I) Research Fellow, University of Turin

Alessia Strozzi (I) ICCROM, Rome

Aparna Tandon (I-II) ICCROM, Rome

Rosa Tamborrino (III) Politecnico di Torino

Laura Tedesco (I) Cultural Heritage Program Manager at U.S. Department of State

Jane Thompson (I) Herculaneum Conservation Project

Meeza Ubaid (II) Cultural Heritage Consultant, Pakistan

Stefano Valerio (III) Fondazione per l'Ambiente

Alessandra Venturini (III) Professor, University of Turin

ITALIAN ARMY EDUCATION AND TRAINING COMMAND AND SCHOOL OF APPLIED MILITARY STUDIES - STAFF

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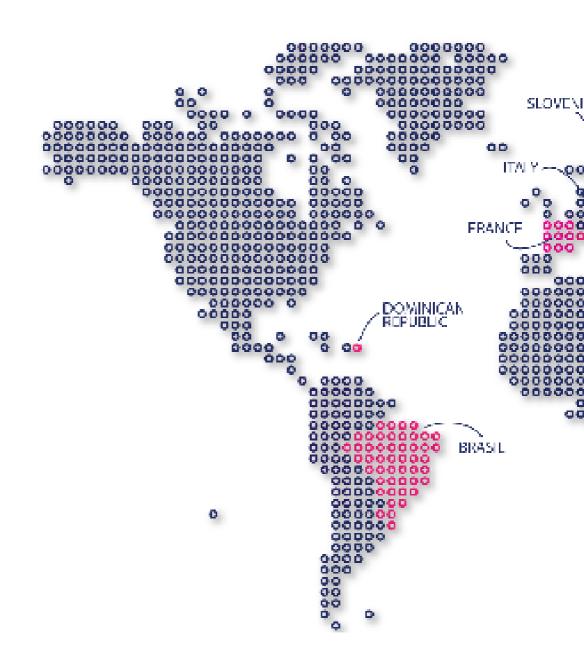
THE PARTICIPANTS OF THE THIRD EDITION



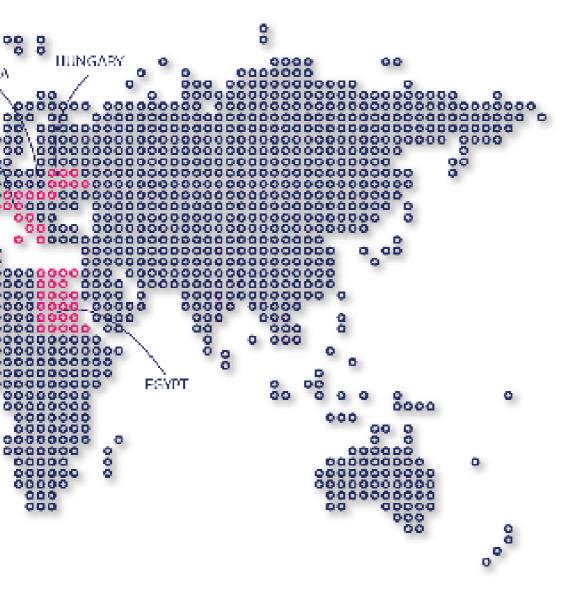
The third edition's **participants** with the members of the **Scientific Committee** and the **representatives of the institutions** promoting the Master during the **Opening Ceremony.** © Italian Army The third edition of the Master in Cultural Property Protection in Crisis Response saw a multicultural participation of students from **7 different countries**: Brazil, Dominican Republic, Egypt, France, Hungary, Italy and Slovenia.



The participant's profiles, characterized by very different **working experiences and studies**, have given to the Master a strong **multi-disciplinary aspect**, not only thanks to the topics developed during the lectures' programme, but also thanks to observations, interventions, suggestions and knowledge given by students.



A world map which shows the provenance of the participants of the third edition of the International Master.



PROJECT WORKS

PROTECTING CULTURAL PROPERTY dating back to the Modern Era in Egypt: *a proposed strategy to disseminating knowledge and raise awarness of protection Legislation.*

"O NOSTOS" The protection of Grecanic in Calabria as a vehicle of intangible cultural heritage transmission

PROMOTING AND INCREASING AWARE-NESS ON THE HISTORY AND CULTURAL SIGNIFICANCE OF THE HISTORIC CENTRE OF SALERNO

RESTORING THE ANCIENT CITY OF BOSRA a technical tool

EMERGENCY MECHANISM FOR CULTURAL PROPERTY PROTECTION

"THIS NEW SNOW HAS NO NAME" The Safeguard and promotion of the endangered intangible (traditional) cultural heritage of Saami People in Sweden

THE CULTURAL HERITAGE OF ASMARA: A plan to reduce the risks of decay of the historical city core

THE BLUE SHIELD FOR GENOA

CONSERVATION AND RISK PREVENTION PLAN FOR THE MUSEUM OF THE ROYAL HOUSES OF SANTO DOMINGO **Eman Ali** - Egypt Director General at the Department of Archaeological Documentation Giza Pyramids' Site

Francesca Amato - Italy Master's Degree in International Relations

Maria Grazia Cantarella - Italy Master's Degree in International Relations and Global Studies

Alessandro Capalbo - Italy Master's Degree in Architecture Heritage Preservation And Enhancement

Rennier Caselli Tavares Almeida Zecca - Brazil Consultant at International Training Center of the ILO

Cristina Danza Sproviero - Italy Carabinieri Lieutenant (OR-9), Carabinieri Command (TPC) in Turin.

Federica Franco - Italy Master's degree in Art History

Andrea Fumagalli - Italy Mar.Ca. Carabinieri Command for the Protection of Cultural Heritage

Johanna Yvette Jimenez Hernadez - Dominican Republic Urban Inspector at the Dirección Nacional de Patrimonio Monumental



PROJECT WORKS

THE CULTURAL PROPERTY PROTECTION OFFICER (CPPO) a project for the implementation of an Italian army Staff Officer as advisor to the Commanders for the Cultural Property Protection in the event of armed conflict

SOCIAL MEMORY AND CULTURAL HERITAGE IN LJUBLJANA, SLOVENIA

LAYING THE GROUNDWORK FOR A COMMUNITY HERITAGE CENTRE IN EASTERN D.R. CONGO

THE CULTURAL CENTRE OF SAINT JOHN PAUL II, AYAVIRI, PERU Enhancing the capacity building

KALINGA BATOK: when a tatoo embodies a tradition

CPP'S ELEARNING COURSE For IT Army

PROMOTING INVOLVEMENT OF UK HMRC CUSTOMS OFFICERS in reducing trafficking of cultural goods by appropriate specialized training

THE FIGHT AGAINST ILLICIT ARTTRAFFI-CKING IN ITALY through digital tools and QR code placement inside cultural institutions for raising awareness in the general public Andrea Menta - Italy Lieutenant Colonel, Italian Army

Luka Nedzbala - Slovenia/USA Freelance Architectural Designer

Paulin Regnard - France Former Political Affairs Officer at MONUSCO Headquarters

Orsola Sartori - Italy Master's Degree in International Sciences

Sofia Sturniolo - Italy Master's Degree in Sociology

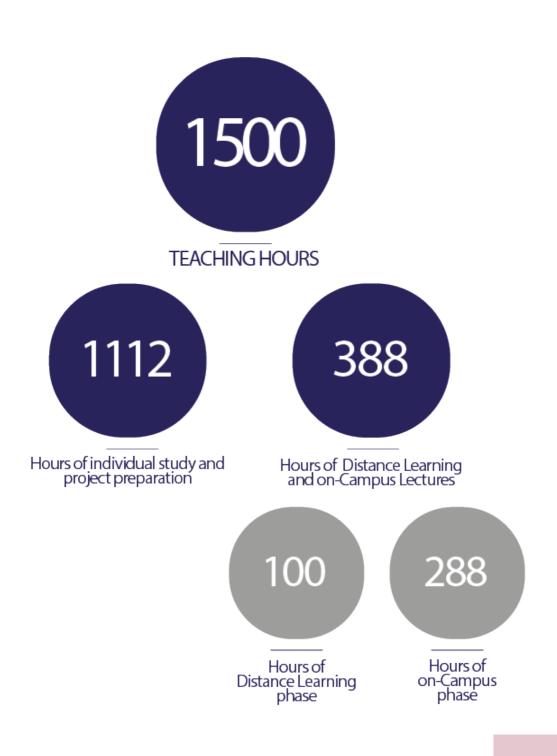
Gianluca Torbidone - Italy Lieutenant Colonel, Italian Army

Hajnalka Sara Vargane Bari - Hungary Compliance Officer (civil servant) at Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs, Brexit Customs Transition Group

Lorenzo Venezia - Italy Master's Degree in Law



THE PROGRAMME



The course is planned as to offer to the participants a structered mix of **lectures**, **seminars**, **exercises** and **study visits**, and is divided into three learning phases:

ASSISTED DISTANCE LEARNING PHASE ON CAMPUS PHASE DISTANCE INDIVIDUAL STUDY AND PROJECT PREPARATION

Through this combination of lectures, seminars, study visits, practical exercise and best practices analysis, the selected participants will have the chance to acquire a full education and the necessary **competences** and **methodologies** on:

> In-depth knowledge on the **international legal framework** for protecting cultural properties and natural protected areas, combatting cultural crimes, and ensuring the rights of access to culture, to better understand duties of governments, citizens, communities and non-governmental organizations;

> Knowledge and tools for understanding and **assessing the physical damages and the cultural, social and economic losses** caused by the crisis after conflict and disaster scenarios;

> Comprehension of the potential of culture in **addressing** and managing the post-conflict or post-conflict disaster reconstruction, with specific references to the role of the cultural capital and locally based knowledge and creativity in the social and economic recovery of affected communities;

> Unique insights into the **policies and tools of UNESCO and other important international organizations** operating in the field as well as international cooperation schemes;

> Knowledge about the most advanced **Information Computer Tecnologies** (ICT's) applied to emergency scenarios.

The programme of the Master is organized into 7 learning modules:

THE DISTANCE LEARNING FOR THE PROTECTION OF CULTU-RAL HERITAGE

THE LAW OF INTERNATIONAL PROTECTION OF CULTURAL HERITAGE

THE ECONOMICS OF CULTURAL HERITAGE

THE POLITICS OF CULTURAL HERITAGE PROTECTION

A SOCIOLOGICAL APPROACH TO THE PROTECTION OF CULTURE

INFORMATION MANAGEMENT

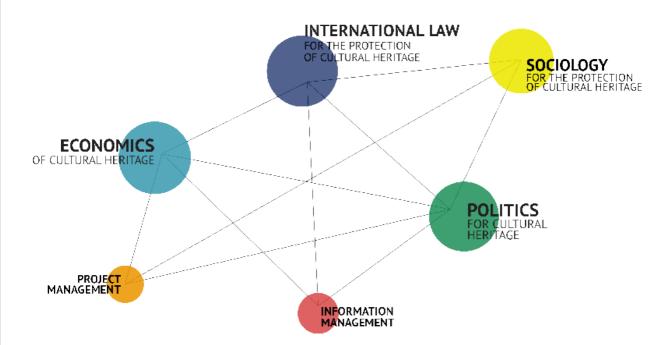
MANAGEMENT OF CULTURAL HERITAGE

Due to the collaboration with the Italian Army and the Carabinieri Command for the Protection of Cultural Heritage, the programme includes also a mix of lectures and seminars held by **military personnel**, directly involved in crisis scenarios experiences, destruction and recovery of cultural heritage and society.

The course includes a special module dedicated to **Project Management**, aimed at transferring to the participants capacities to draft a project work related to intervening in emergency and post-emergency scenarios, according to the most advanced methodologies from international agencies.

The teaching programme is enriched by a **Series of Seminars and Workshops** held by teachers and experts in the field of cultural heritage protection during armed conflicts and natural disasters, aimed at deepening themes and models for an adequate management of cultural heritage in crisis scenarios.

THE 7 MODULES



THE DISTANCE LEARNING FOR THE PROTECTION OF CULTURAL HERITAGE

The **introductory distance learning phase** is aimed to familiarize with the main course topics: the International Law for the protection of cultural heritage, the Economics of cultural heritage, the politics of cultural heritage protection, a sociological approach to the protection of cultural heritage and some examples of works based on Project Cycle Management methodology.

The module is delivered through **asynchronous learning**.

Participants are expected to acquire basic knowledge and competences through the guided study of teaching resources and the carrying out of assignments.

> After an introductory brief WarmUp call with the Executive Adviser of the Master, each week of this phase students will be able to find a document related to a core topic of the programme, on the e-learning platform.

> After reading the paper, students are required to write a brief comment on the theme presented, based on their personal knowledge and experience. Then, they post the note on the e-learning platform and comment the ones of the other participants, creating an exchange of experiences and knowledges.



THE INTERNATIONAL LAW FOR THE PROTECTION OF CULTURAL HERITAGE

With the module about international law, the Master aims at recognizing the importance of **legal instruments** to protect cultural heritage and to give participants tools and methods to develop consciousness and knowledge.

> In the course of recent years, following conflicts events in the former Yugoslavia, Iraq and Afghanistan, in Syria and in Mali, the general public has expressed an increasing concern with regards to the protection of cultural heritage from destruction and looting, asking for greater efforts from the **international law** to safeguard cultural heritage and from international institutions.

> As the very first international agreement with a universal scope exclusively focused on the protection of cultural property in times of armed conflict, the **1954 Hague Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict** has made an enormous contribution to the protection of cultural heritage, inspiring many subsequent treaties on the same topic.

Afetr conflicts during the 1990s, the Hague Convention was strengthened and adapted with the Second Protocol in March 1999, which enhanced the level of protection of cultural property, and presented new operational mechanisms for its implementation on the ground. This has been combined with several other instruments, notably the **UNESCO 1970 Convention** and **UNIDROIT 1995 Convention** to fight against illicit trafficking of cultural goods, as well as the **UNESCO 1972 World Heritage Convention**. Most recently, in 2015 UNESCO Member States adopted a full-fledged strategy for the reinforcement of UNESCO's action for the protection of culture.



Introduction to the International rules protecting the cultural heritage; International humanitarian law for the protection of cultural tangible and intangible heritage;

The role of international Criminal Justice;

The contribution of human rights law (the construction of the protection of cultural heritage as a human right);

The role, duties and responsibilities of peace support operations and, more in general, of intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations;

Law and policies for combatting crimes against cultural heritage and illcit traffick anti-money laundering.





Nineveh, Iraq, which was heavily destroyed and excavated by ISIS in 2017 UNESCO / Creative Commons / Wikipedia Commons

THE ECONOMICS OF CULTURAL HERITAGE

The aim of introducing **cultural economics concepts** in the learning programme of the Master is to let understand how cultural capital deals with economic capital and what practical methods have to be used in order to preserve and utilize cultural heritage to produce **positive impacts.**

Furthermore, together with economic theory applied to cultural heritage, the lectures' programme provides numerous case studies and examples of **risk management plans** and **post disaster need assessment** exercises, both in case of armed conflicts and crisis scenarios due to environmental disasters.

Decisions about cultural heritage (what it is, how it should be conserved) are traditionally the province of art historians, conservators, archaeologists, museum directors and similar professionals. When economists raise questions about the criteria on which these decisions are based, their intrusion is often resented. Yet at its simplest, the maintenance or restoration of heritage requires **resources**, and resources have opportunity costs.

Since resources are limited in supply, **choices** are necessary: - What can be preserved and what cannot?

- How much renovation or restoration is warranted?
- Whose preferences should guide conservation decisions?

Economics maybe could not be capable of providing a complete answer to all of this kind of questions, but it can certainly illustrate the issues and point out some of the consequences of alternative courses of action. "Culture is a resource for economic and social development. Poor communities helped in recognizing and preserving their cultural assets are provided with new economic opportunities and enabled to build development on their diverse social, cultural, and physical background. The possibility to generate income from cultural assets creates employment, reduces poverty, stimulates enterprise development by the poor, fosters private investment, and aenerates resources for environmental and cultural conservation."

- World Bank (2009)



Assessing damages and losses in crisis scenarios;

Cultural heritage and creativity as engine for recovery and local development;

Environmental and climate change and related security issues;

Disaster forecast and prevention of natural catastrophes;

Supporting recovery, social safety and economic growth through job creation;

Place reputation and tourism;

Building back better strategy to enhance physical and social resilience to emergencies;

Social and economic recovery in post-conflict and post-disaster scenarios; **C**apacity building for post crisis recovery;

Post conflict and Post-Disaster Needs Assessment;

Disaster Risk preparedness managing planning.





Malwiya Minaret of Samarra, the spiral tower, was partially destroyed during a **bombing raid** in 2005. By Lionel Aubert ⓒ BY-SA 4.0

THE POLITICS FOR THE PROTECTION OF CULTURAL HERITAGE

The module "Politics for the Protection of Cultural Heritage" aims at investigating the past and giving students the tools to understand the **evolution of political and social thought** with respect to the theme of cultural heritage, recognizing the actions addressed to its protection.

The lectures of the module, analyzes the connections and the relationship between the cultural heritage and the **power or control**, starting from the French Revolution up to the war in the Former Yugoslavia, focusing on the concept of "enemy" and its evolution in policies and in the propaganda of the various leaders, from the great wars of the past to the more recent conflict's scenarios. The object of this module is to introduce the **connection** between heritage and the politics of the past.

> The protection of cultural heritage has not only a legal and economic way of thinking, but especially a **political and social** point of view with related consequences as well.

> Politically, cultural heritage can be either a **cohesive force or a divisive one** when exploited for political purposes directed towards political hegemony.

> Politics can be thought of as the formal processes by which groups of people make decisions, and of course there is a strong relationship with authority and power.



Conflict management, State building and Cultural Property Protection; **T**hinking the "enemy": a path to the theory of politics;

Annihilating the enemy: the war of destruction and the Western perspectives;

International operations and visions of West: case studies;

Politics, heritage and conservations in the Mediterranean and in the Middle-East;

UE, soft power and protection of cultural property: a political and institutional perspective.





THE MANAGEMENT OF CULTURAL HERITAGE

Heritage experts working in the field of research, protection, policy or management at various organizations or as individuals equally need to work in the framework of project management, and for this reason, the Master's programme include a **special module** about project management applied to strategies and action for the protection, conservation and valorization of cultural heritage at risk, in danger or in crisis scenarios.

The main aim of the module designed is to introduce the basic elements of **managing cultural heritage projects** in theory and practice.

The course is designed by the concept of "learning by doing" and with the **Project Cycle Management** approach: students have to develop a first scheme of their final project during the lessons of this module, starting from the identification of a core objective and then, continuing with the identification of a problem tree with its related objective tree and the necessary actions and strategies to develop the project.

> Adhering to proven project management practices reduces risk, cuts costs, and improves the **success rates** of projects. Organizations are likely to nurture a project management culture when they understand the value it brings and how **projects drive change**.

> Organizations also recognize that when projects fail, they are less likely to achieve strategic goals. Archives, libraries, and museums should acknowledge the value of people who are resourceful, have strategic insight, and champion knowledge development and transfer as essential to performance improvement.

Utilizing project management makes success possible.



Marketing applied to cultural resources; Culture related disaster management; Insurance management; Crisis and Risk Management applied to cultural resources.

The objective of PCM is to improve the management of external co-operation actions – projects and programmes of all kinds – by taking better account of essential issues and framework conditions in both designing and implementing projects and programmes.

- Project Cycle Management Manual





Destroyed Great Mosque of al-Nuri (Mosul).

A SOCIOLOGICAL APPROACH TO THE PROTECTION OF CULTURAL HERITAGE

This module presents the role of cultural heritage in the formation of **identity** for the local community, by reviewing the various definitions of "identity" given by many researchers and the definition of cultural heritage and its relationship to identity by studying the state of various wars and how cultural heritage was targeted as a symbol of identity.

Through this perspective one of the case studies highly discussed in this module is the emblematic one of **Mostar Bridge's destruction**, one of the oldest bridges dating back to the Ottoman Caliphate and one of the most important bridges left by the Ottoman civilization in the Balkans. Its destruction has greatly affected the movement of citizens and their movement across both sides of the river, making it a symbol of attacks agains cultural heritage used as a tool to attempt the social life of the identity of the place.

> **Sociological approaches** to cultural heritage protection have to appreciate the importance of culture and social death to the concept of destruction. It is needed to have a sufficient serious discussion of culturally destructive processes, which involve direct physical violence.

> Cultural heritage may be a tool and destination for wars and conflicts as the identity of societies, which determines their membership and identity. It may also be an important **means of co-existence**, but it depends on the policies adopted in each country to exploit this soft power negatively or positively.

"Culture or civilization, taken in its wide ethnographic sense, is that complex whole which includes knowledge, belief, art, morals, law, custom, and any other capabilities and habits acquired by man as a member of society."

- The first definition of culture within the framework of evolotionism, or social darwinism given by Edward Burnett Tylor in 1871.



The Sociology of Cultural Heritage: general Theories and Practices; Cultural Heritage and Environmental goods (landscape, urban areas, historic environment) in conflict and war contexts: different meanings and uses and socio-cultural diversity in traditional, pre-modern and modern societies;

Cultural heritage and cultural identity in emergency situations: Property protection in a local and/or global perspective;

Intercultural Negotiation: language and behavioral patterns in conflict situations;

Intercultural dialogue and cooperation.





INFORMATION MANAGEMENT FOR CULTURAL HERITAGE

The module about **Information Management for Cultural Heritage** aims at providing an outlook of the basic methodologies used in computer science for supporting cultural heritage information, but also to give students a conceptual context to frame the digital techniques to support cultural heritage. It also provide the basic skills and fundamental knowledge useful for interacting with computer engineers.

During this module, students have the chance to acquire competences and knowledge in the use of several databases, first of all **Relational Databases** (PostgreSQL/MySQL).

Heritage Information for cultural heritage includes the activity and products of recording, documenting and managing the information of cultural heritage (CH) places.

The most important thing to know when approaching to the Heritage Information are the **Heritage Records**, which are very important in databases for projects and researches because they accurately identify and locate the cultural heritage places and their setting, and note the sources of all related information. They must also include metric, qualitative and quantitative information about the assets, their values and significance, their condition and management, their maintenance and repairs, and the threats and risks to their safekeeping.

"Information Management fo cultural heritaae should be not only an integral part of a conservation project but also an activity that continues long after the intervention is completed. It is the basis for the monitoring, management, and routine maintenance of a site and provides a way to transmit knowledge about heritage places, as well as its conservation intervention works, to future generations."

- T.P. Whalen, Director of the Getty Conservation Institute, in Letellier 2007.



Tools for mapping and data management;

Modeling and interpretation in Digital Sciences; **S**emantic Web Basics;

An outlook of the basic methodologies used in computer science for supporting cultural heritage information;

Digital Humanities and electronic resources for Cultural Property Protection;

The role of ICT's in prevention, emergency response and recovery process; Accessibility to information through internet and emerging technologies;





Destruction of Dewal at Pashupatinath Temple Area due to the **earthquake** occurred in **Nepal** in 2015. By Nabin K. Sapkota @CC BY-SA 4.0

LECTURES AND CONTRIBUTIONS BY PROFESSORS AND INTERNATIONAL EXPERTS

★ Stefania ABAKERLI - World Bank Workshop on final projects preparation

Luca ANSELMA – University of Turin "Information management"

Fabio ARMAO – University of Turin "The role of organized crime networks in illicit trafficking."

Francesco BANDARIN – Expert on Cultural Heritage "Culture, reconstruction, recovery"

Giulio BARTOLINI – University of "Roma Tre" "International Disaster Law and the Protection of Cultural Heritage in the Event of Disasters"

Enrico BERTACCHINI – University of Turin "Culture and Heritage economics"

Simona BIANCU – ENGAGEDin "Philanthropy: from "love of humanity" to a lifestyle to shape a better world"

Alessandro BIANCHI – Cultural Heritage Expert "Post II World War experiences in the recovery of war-damaged monuments"

Giovanni BOCCARDI - Former head of Emergency Preparedness and Response Unit, UNESCO World Heritage Centre

"Cultural Heritage Disaster Risk Management: Preparedness and Assessment" Paola BORRIONE – Fondazione Santagata for the Economics of Culture *"Introduction to culture economics"*

Veronica COSTARELLI - IOM, UN Migration "Cultural Heritage in Humanitarian Action"

Silvana DALMAZZONE – University of Turin "Climate Change and World Heritage"

Michela DE BERNARDIN – The Journal of Cultural Heritage Crime "Crimes against Cultural Heritage. Communication and Information as Contrasting Tools"

★ EXPERIENCE FROM THE WORLD with Shatha Safi, Palestine - Director of Riwaq Sergio Gardenghi Suiama, Brazil - Office of Cultural Heritage in Rio de Janeiro

Michaela Novotna, Perù - Director of the Cultural Centre of Saint John Paul II and the Friends of Arts in the Andes

- ★ Francesco FRANCIONI European University Institute of Fiesole "Cultural Heritage and Human Rights in International Law"
- ★ Manlio FRIGO Bocconi University "International Protection of Cultural Heritage and Dispute Resolution Methods"



Gilberto GAGNONE – Lieutenant Colonel, Italian Army - Post Conflict Operations "Non-state armed actors as one of the main challenges in cultural property protection"

Edoardo GREPPI - University of Turin "The law of international protection of cultural heritage"

Peter GOULD - University of Philadelphia "Community Involvement in Heritage Crisis Response"

- Maria Teresa JAQUINTA ICOMOS "Cultural Heritage Protection and Development"
- Maja KOMINKO ALIPH "Cultural Heritage Protection and Development"

Sara LAGI – University of Turin "The concept of enemy in the History of political thought: an overview"

★ Sanne LETSCHERT – CER, Prince Claus Fund "Cultural Emergency Response - Saving Culture in Crisis Worldwide"

Elena LEONI – University of Bologna. IT Army Reserve Officer. "Cultural Property Protection in military operations." Cristian LO IACONO – Carabinieri Command for the Protection of Cultural Heritage (TPC) "The TPC Activities"

Vittorio MAINETTI – University of Milan "Introduction to International Cultural Heritage Law"

Gianluca MASCHERANO – Lieutenant Colonel, Italian Army - Post Conflict Operations "Introduction to stabilization and reconstruction environments and the role of the military component"

★ Silvio MELE – Lieutenant Colonel, Carabinieri Command for the Protection of Cultural Heritage (TPC) "Fighting Illicit traffic in Middle East"

Vito MESSINA – University of Turin "Archaeology in crisis areas"

Marina NUCIARI - University of Turin "A Sociological Approach to Cultural Heritage Protection in Conflict Theaters"

🛧 Ted OAKES – ICOM

"The International Council of Museums and the Protection of Cultural Heritage"

Roger O'KEEFE – Bocconi University "International Law and the Protection of Cultural Property in Armed Conflict"



Christian OST - Honorary Rector, ICHEC Brussels Management School "Protection and sustainability of cultural heritage. Economic and business perspective "

Cecilia PENNACCINI - University of Turin "Museum Frictions. An anthropological approach to cultural heritage"

- ★ Alessandra PERUZZETTO and Javier Ors AUSIN World Monument Fund "Activities of World Monuments Fund in Crisis Contexts Actions in conflict affected areas"
- ★ Federica POZZI Centre for Conservation and Restoration "La Venaria Reale" "Technologies for the safeguarding of Cultural Heritage"

Renato RAGGI – Gen., Scuola Ufficiali Carabinieri, Roma. "Police in peacekeeping, the Stability Police Units and the United Nations Peace Operations" ★ Alessio RE, Erica MENEGHIN – Fondazione Santagata for the Economics of Culture "Workshop on project cycle management"

Matteo ROSATI – UNESCO Regional Bureau for Science and Culture in Europe "UNESCO's mission and action in the field of culture, with special focus on World Heritage and Intangible Cultural Heritage"

Reme SAKR – Syria Trust for Development "Intangible Cultural Heritage for Post-conflict Communities"

Marina SCHNEIDER – Unidroit "UNIDROIT and the international protection of cultural property"

Tullio SCOVAZZI – University of Milano-Bicocca "International law instruments for the protection of cultural heritage"



Elena SINIBALDI – Italian Ministry of Culture "Crisis and emergencies: ICH and UNESCO for an integrated safeguarding systems for culture"

Rosa TAMBORRINO, Mesut DINLER - Politecnico di Torino "Digital Heritage"

Alessandra VENTURINI - University of Turin "Cultural Integration for Economic Integration: the case of foreign workers"

- ★ Screening of the movie "The Destruction of Memory" by Tim SLADE.
- ★ Screening of the movie "Age of Consequences" by Jared P. SCOTT.
- ★ WORKSHOP on "Management of cultural heritage: the UNESCO World Heritage Site of the Residences of the Royal House of Savoy"

★ STUDY VISIT in Rome with the contributions of the General Directorate for Cultural Heritage Security of the Italian Ministry of Culture and ICCROM



★ The lectures' calendar includes special lectures, seminars and workshops about specific topics, plus screenings and discussions of movies about that theme.

SPECIAL LECTURES & STUDY VISITS

SERIES OF SEMINARS

During the on-campus phase of the Master, besides lectures and other activities, there is a **series of seminars**, open to the Master's participants and to public, held by experts in the fields of cultural property protection and organized by Fondazione Santagata for the Economics of Culture.

Due to the COVID-19 emergency, the public was able to participate only online.

The following seminars have been organized during the second edition of the International

OPENING CEREMONY

Institutional Greetings 7th February - Education and Training Command and School of Applied Military Studies

CULTURAL HERITAGE AND HUMAN RIGHTS IN INTERNATIONAL LAW

Francesco Francioni - *European European University Institute* 11th February - Education and Training Command and School of Applied Military Studies

INTERNATIONAL PROTECTION OF CULTURAL HERITAGE AND DISPUTE RESO-LUTION METHODS

Manlio Frigo - University of Milan 18th February - Education and Training Command and School of Applied Military Studies

FIGHTING ILLICIT TRAFFIC IN MIDDLE EAST

Silvio Mele - Lieutenant Colonel, Carabinieri Command for the Protection of Cultural Heritage (TPC) 21st February - Webinar

CULTURAL HERITAGE PROTECTION AND DEVELOPMENT

Maja Kominko - ALIPH 25th February - Webinar

THE INTERNATIONAL COUNCIL OF MUSEUMS AND THE PROTECTION OF CULTURAL HERITAGE

Ted Oakes - *ICOM* 28th February - Webinar

CULTURAL EMERGENCY RESPONSE (CER) – SAVING CULTURE IN CRISIS WORLDWIDE

Sanne Letschert - *CER, Prince Claus Fund* 1st March - Webinar

THE ACTION OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL ORGANISATIONS FOCUSING ON CUL-TURAL HERITAGE: CURRENT CONCERNS AND CHALLENGES. THE CASE OF ICOMOS ITALY

Maria Teresa Jaquinta - *ICOMOS* 18th March - Webinar

TECHNOLOGIES FOR THE SAFEGUARDING OF CULTURAL HERITAGE

Federica Pozzi - Centre for Conservation and Restoration "La Venaria Reale" Alberto Nasarre - Integra, Estrategia y Tecnologia Fabio Perossini - Kpeople Research Foundation Tyler Douglas Lowe - Conservationist and Arts & Humanities Developer 25th March - Education and Training Command and School of Applied Military Studies

EXPERIENCE FROM THE WORLD

Shatha Safi, Palestine - Director of Riwaq Sergio Gardenghi Suiama, Brazil - Office of Cultural Heritage in Rio de Janeiro Michaela Novotna, Perù - Director of the Cultural Centre of Saint John Paul II and the Friends of Arts in the Andes 6th April - Webinar

INTANGIBLE CULTURAL HERITAGE FOR POST-CONFLICT COMMUNITIES

Reme Sakr - *Syria Trust for Development* 8th April - Webinar

ACTIVITIES OF WORLD MONUMENTS FUND IN CRISIS CONTEXTS ACTIONS IN CONFLICT- AFFECTED AREAS

Alessandra Peruzzetto and Javier Ors Ausin - *World Monuments Fund* 13th April - Webinar





April 28th - General Directorate for Cultural Heritage Security of the Italian Ministry of Culture

WORKSHOPS

Alongside the series of seminars, students had the opportunity to work closely with experts in the field during **workshops on specific topics,** organized also with the students of the *Master in World Heritage and Cultural Projects for Development*

The following workshops have been organized during the third edition of the International Master Course (2021/2022):

FINAL PROJECTS PREPARATION

Stefania Abakerli - *World Bank* 30th - 31st March

MANAGEMENT OF CULTURAL HERITAGE: THE UNESCO WORLD HERITAGE SITE OF THE RESIDENCES OF THE ROYAL HOUSE OF SAVOY

Chiara Teolato - *Villa della Regina* Andrea Merlotti - *Centro studi delle Residenze Reali Sabaude* Sara Abram - *Fondazione Centro Conservazione e Restauro dei Beni Culturali La Venaria Reale* Enrico Bertacchini - *University of Turin* Giovanna Segre - *University of Turin* Alessio Re - *Fondazione Santagata* Paola Borrione - *Fondazione Santagata* Ottavia Arenella - *Fondazione Santagata* Giulia Avanza - *Fondazione Santagata* Erica Meneghin - *Fondazione Santagata* Andrea Porta - *Fondazione Santagata* Laura Brambilla - *Fondazione Santagata*

2nd - 5th May







Some pictures from the **Opening Ceremony**, in the Great Hall of the Education and Training Command and School of Applied Military Studies, on **7th February 2022**. The Ceremony began with welcome greetings by the representatives of the institutions promoting the Master and continued with the testimonies of former participants.





February 11th Webinar

The first seminar entitled "Cultural Heritage and Human Rights in International Law" was held by prof. **Francesco Francioni** of the European University Institute.

"What do we mean by cultural heritage? What are the reasons behind its deliberate destruction? And what about its relationship with human rights?"



February 18th Webinar

Prof. **Manlio Frigo** from the University of Milan held the seminar on "International Protection of Cultural Heritage and Dispute Resolution Methods".

February 21st Webinar

Ten. Col. CC **Silvio Mele** held the webinar on "Fighting Illicit Traffic in the Middle East".



February 25th

Webinar

The "Cultural Heritage Protection and Development" webinar was held by **Maja Kominko**, Scientific and Program Director at ALIPH - International alliance for the protection of heritage in conflict areas.





February 28th Webinar

Ted Oakes, Heritage Protection Coordinator at ICOM, held the webinar on the "International Council of Museums and the Protection of Cultural Heritage"



March 1st Webinar

Sanne Letschert, Head of Cultural Emergency Response at Prince Claus Fund, in her webinar talked about "Saving Culture in Crisis Worldwide"

March 18th Webinar

Maria Teresa laquinta from the International Council on Monuments and Sites (ICOMOS) presented the case of ICOMOS Italy within the webinar "The action of intergovernmental organizations focusing on cultural heritage: current concerns and challenges" taly" held by



March 25th Webinar

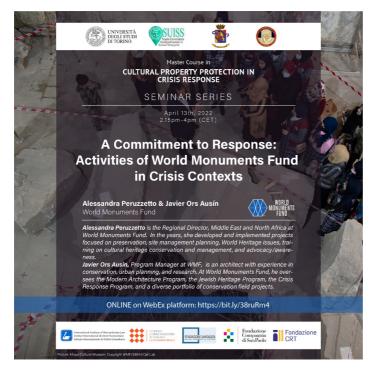
The webinar on "Technologies for the Safeguarding of Cultural Heritage" was held by a panel of experts: **Federica Pozzi** from Centro Conservazione e Restauro "La Venaria Reale"; **Alberto Nasarre**, from Integra - Estrategia y Tecnología; **Fabio Perossini** of Kpeople Research Foundation; **Tyler Douglas Lowe**, Conservationist and Arts & Humanities Developer.





April 8th Webinar

Reme Sakr (Syria Trust for Development) held the webinar on "Intangible cultural heritage for Post-Conflict Communities"



April 13th Webinar

The last webinar was held by **Alessandra Peruzzetto** and **Javier Ors Ausín** (World Monuments Fund) and it dealt with "A Commitment to Response: Activities of World Monuments Fund in Crisis Contexts"

May 2nd - 5th Workshop

Four-day workshop about the UNESCO World Heritage Site of the Residences of the Royal House of Savoy.

The program of the workshop included site visits at Villa della Regina and Venaria Reale, theoretical sessions and work group activities.









On the first day of the workshop the students visited **Villa della Regina** and had the opportunity to learn directly from its Director, Chiara Teolato; the following day, they visited **Reggia di Venaria**, with contributions from Andrea Merlotti, Clara Goria and Paolo Armand from the Centro Studi e Ricerca.



The workshop was organized by Fondazione Santagata for the Economics of Culture, technical partner of the Master.

Students had the possibility to investigate the site through a visit and the provided information materials, and to work in groups to test and apply the project methodology acquired during the course lectures, with specific regard to project management (problem analysis, objective analysis, actions and feasibility).





The final days and the **Closing Ceremony** of the Master were held in Sanremo at the at the International Institute of Humanitarian Law on May 18th and 19th, 2022.



STUDY VISITS

The course program includes a series of **study visits** to museums, institutions and organizations that collaborate with the Master.

During this third edition, study visits to some of the most important museums and institutions at the **local level** were planned, including: the Museo Egizio of Turin, the Royal Residence of Venaria, the Centre for Conservation and Restoration "La Venaria Reale".

Next to these visits, **two study trips** were organized in this year's program, which included a visit and meeting with experts from the following institutions: **Italian Ministry of Culture**, **General Directorate for Cultural Heritage Security**, **Florence** in collaboration with the Municipality at Biblioteca delle Oblate and the **International Institute of Humanitarian Law** in Sanremo.

Nevertheless, the planning of this kind of activity has enriched and strenghtened the Master's **network** of collaborators creating the basis to propose and organize again these study visits in future editions. Villa Ormond, Sanremo, Italy. Headquarter of the International Institute of Humanitarian Law



Rome, Italy. Ministero della Cultura



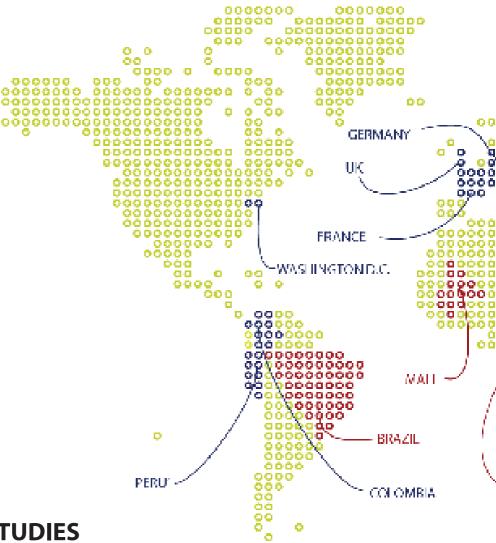
CASE STUDIES

The aim of the Master Course is to give particpants tools and knowledge to act in the difficult field of cultural property protection, taking in consideration various aspects which give a singular identity to each specific case.

To give the most complete knowledge about tools and strategy to protect and manage cultural property in crisis scenarios, the Master offers a very international set of examples, **case studies**, projects and ations in many countries in the world, which in different ways, suffer attacks against their own cultural heritage, from conflict and war to natural disasters reasons.

Professors, lecturers and experts of the Master, coming from all **over the world** and with experience in operations and projects to save and protect cultural heritage in crisis scenarios, have shown to the participants a lot of case studies which, in the complex, give a very international overview.

In the following pages, a map which shows all the cases and the examples discussed during lectures and seminars, and also the provenance of organizations, professors and expertes involved in the Master. The countries highlighted in blue represent the international provenance of experts and lectureres who have given their contribution to the Master.



MAIN CASE STUDIES

AFGHANISTAN - Buddha's Bamiyan Valley

Giant Buddha statues carved into the cliff wall (built in 550 CE) destroyed by Taliban officials in 2003.

BOSNIA HERZEGOVINA - Mostar Bridge

Destroyed in 1993 by Croat paramilitary forces during the Croat–Bosniak War. Rebuilt on 23 July 2004.

BRAZIL - Brazil National Museum

Destroyed by fire in 2018.

IRAN - City of Bam

Destruction of the iranian Citadel by earthquake in 2003.

CENTRAL ITALY - Monuments, archaeological sites and historic urban areas

Destroyed by the earthquake occurred in 2016

ETHIOPIA – The Obelisk of Axun

Taken as a war loot in 1937 by the italian army and returned only in 2008.

IRAQ - Archaeological site of Nimrud

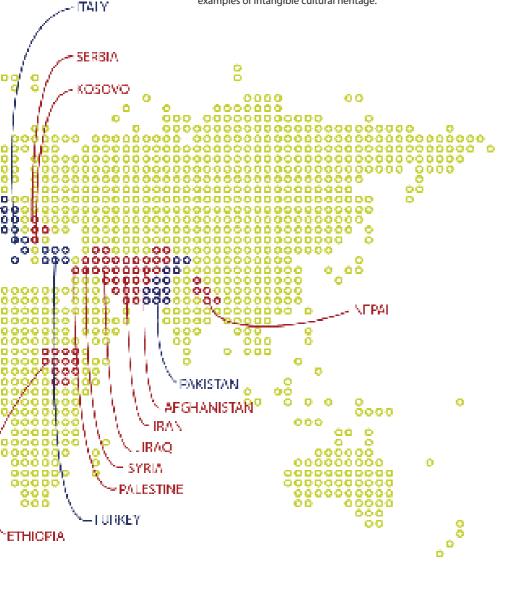
Severely damaged by ISIS in 2016.

IRAQ - Malwiya Minaret of Samarra

Partially destroyed during a bombing raid in 2005



The countries highlighted in red represent the international case studies analyzed and discussed during the lectures, which refer to different cases of crisis and disasters scenarios: from conflicts and illicit traffics to natural disasters, such as floods and earthquakes, which have destroyed or damaged important world heritage sites, or examples of intangible cultural heritage.



PALESTINE - The Old City of Nablus

Between April 3 and 21, 2002 Israeli military forces carried out an 18-day air and ground bombardment of Nablus.

SERBIA and KOSOVO - Serbian Orthodox churches

155 Serbian Orthodox churches and monasteries were destroyed by Kosovo Albanians between June 1999 and March 2004.

SYRIA - Palmyra, Damasco, Aleppo

Several cultural heritage sites in Syria have been deliberately destroyed by the Islamic State of Iraq and the Levant from 2014 onwards.

ITALY – Genoa City

Damaged by two main floods in 2014

MALI - Mausoleums of Timbuktu

Al Mahdi's war crime against 10 Mausoleums in 2012.

NEPAL - Kathmandu Valley

The seven Protected Monument Zones, enlisted on the World Heritage list in 1979, destroyed and damaged by earthquake in 2015.



CONTACTS



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